

## QUALITY MANAGEMENT/SYSTEMS AND SIX SIGMA

- EVOLUTION OF QUALITY MANAGEMENT/SYSTE
- MIL-Q-9858 (9 April 1959)
- 1960's and 1970's
- "IF JAPAN CAN, WHY CAN'T WE?"
- 1987
- ADVANCED PRACTICES AND SYSTEMS
- SIX SIGMA AND ITS DIRECTIVES

## EVOLUTION OF QUALITY MANAGEMENT/SYSTEMS

- Historical Perspective
  - \* Craftsmanship
  - \* Industrial Revolution
  - \* Taylor System
- Inspection Departments
- Statistical Quality Control (SQC)
  - \* Probability and Sample Inspection
  - \* Shewhart Control Charts
- World War II and the Quality Movement



## MIL-Q-9858 (9 April 1959)

#### 1.2 Contractual Intent

This specification requires the establishment of a quality program by the contractor to assure compliance with the requirements of this contract. The program and procedures used to implement this specification shall be developed by the contractor.

- QUALITY PROGRAM MANAGEMENT
- FACILITIES AND STANDARDS
- 21 June TROL OF PURCHASES

1 COM ANTIFACTIBING CONTROL



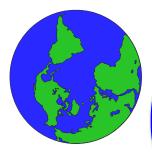
## 1960's and 1970's

- Ship --- ship --- ship
- Quality Assurance
  - \* Quality Engineering
  - \* Quality Control
  - \* Metrology
  - \* Failure Analysis
- The good practices are dying

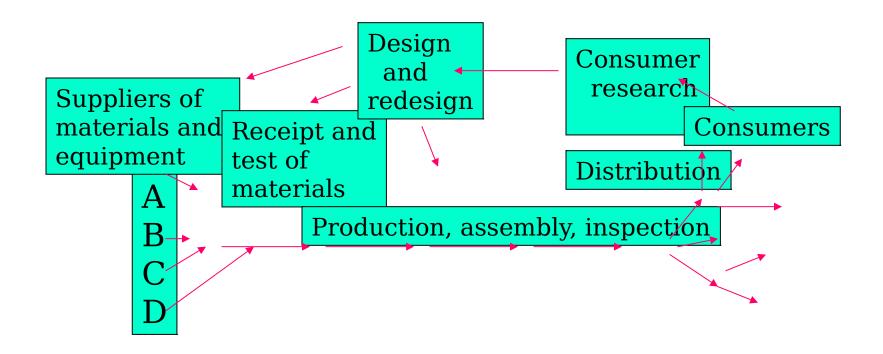
# "If Japan Can, Why Can't We?"

- Chain Reaction: Quality,
   Productivity,
   Lower costs, Capture the Market
- U.S. losing: TV's, camera's, IC's, steel,

textiles, shoes, automobiles, etc.



## Quality Management System





## The Early Gurus

Deming
Juran
Crosby
Feigenbaum
Ishikawa



## 1987 - The Pivotal Year

- THE DOD AND TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT (TQM)
- MALCOLM BALDRIGE NATIONAL QUALITY AWARD
- ISO 9000 INTERNATIONAL QUALITY STANDARDS



## U. S. Chain Reaction

Quality
Productivity
Lower
Costs
Stay in Business

- •Deming's 14 Points
- Crosby "Quality is Free"
- Juran Breakthrough Quality
- Xerox Benchmarking
- Taguchi Loss Function
- Motorola Six sigma



#### THE EARLY DAYS OF MOTOROLA'S SIX SIG

100X Q

1/1/87 1/1/89 1/1/91

#### **Key Goals**

- Increased Global Market Share
- Best-in-Class
  - \* people
  - \* marketing
  - \* manufacturing
  - \* technology
  - \*product/service

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- Six Sigma
- Total Cycle Time Reduction
- Product and Manufacturing Leadership
- Profit Improvement
- Participative Management within, and Cooperation between Organizations



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### WHAT IS SIX SIGMA

- Sigma is a measure of "goodness: the capabili of a process to produce perfect work.
- A "defect" is any mistake that results in custom dissatisfaction.
- Sigma indicates how often defects are likely to
- The higher the sigma level, the lower the defe
- The lower the defect rate, the higher the qual:



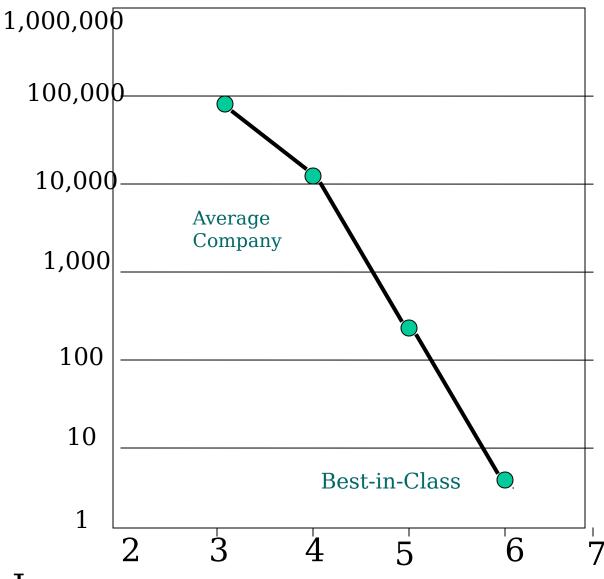
### WHY HAVE "SIGNA" AS A QUALITY MEASURE?

- Sigma allows comparison of products and servi of varying complexity on an apples to apples ba
- Also, it provides a common basis for benchmark (competitors and non-competitors).
- The higher the sigma level, the better your ope is performing.
- Sigma measures how well you're doing in getti to zero defects.

### OPPORTUNITIES FOR ERROR AT VARIOUS SIGMA LEVELS

Number of defects per million opportunities for error	Associated sigma level
66,810	3.0
22,750	3.5
6,210	4.0
1,350	4.5
233	5.0
32	5.5
3.4	6.0
21 June,	







## SIX STEPS TO SIX SIGMA

Step1: Identify the product you create or the service you provide.

Step2: Identify the Customer(s) for your product or service and determine what they consider important.

Step3: Identify your needs (to provide product/service so that it satisfies the Customer).

Step4: Define the process for doing the work.

Step5: Mistake-proof the process and eliminate wasted eff

Step6: Ensure continuous improvement by measuring, analyzing, and controlling the improved process.



## POSSIBLE APPLICATIONS

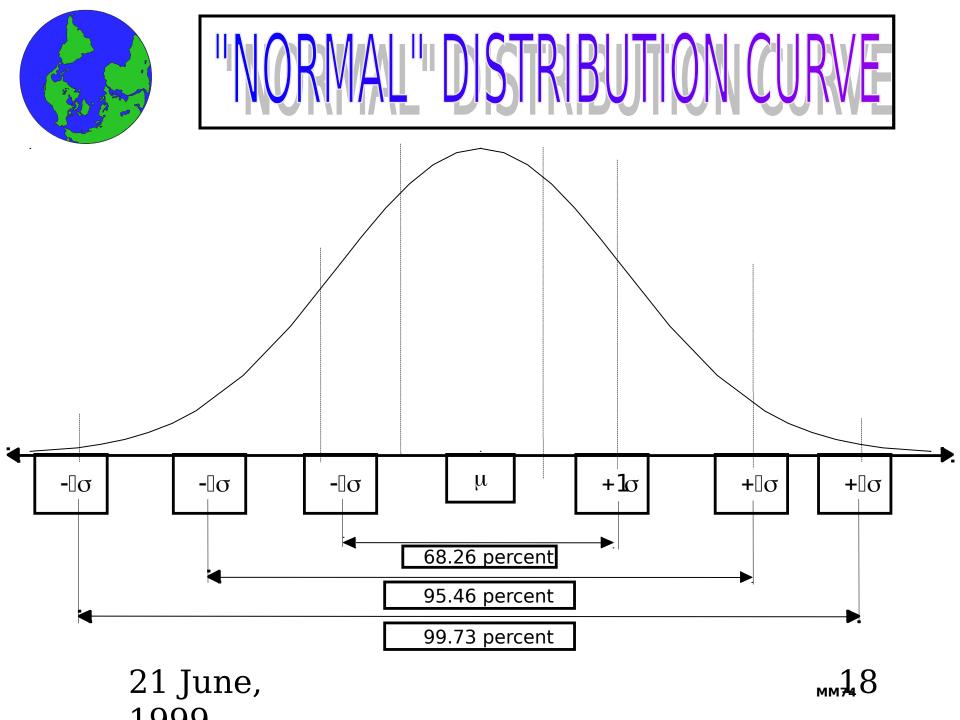
**Human Resources:** reduce the number of requisitions unfilled after 30 days.

**Customer Service:** measure the number of calls answere on the first ring.

**Engineering Support:** reduce the number of schematics returned because of drafting errors

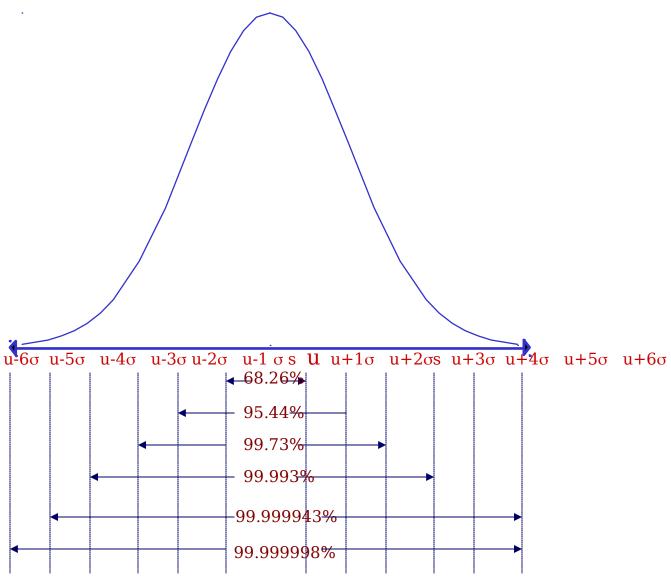
**Order Fulfillment:** eliminate Customer returns because of incorrect parts or product being shipped.

**Finance:** reduce the instances of accounts being paid after a specified time limit has elapsed.



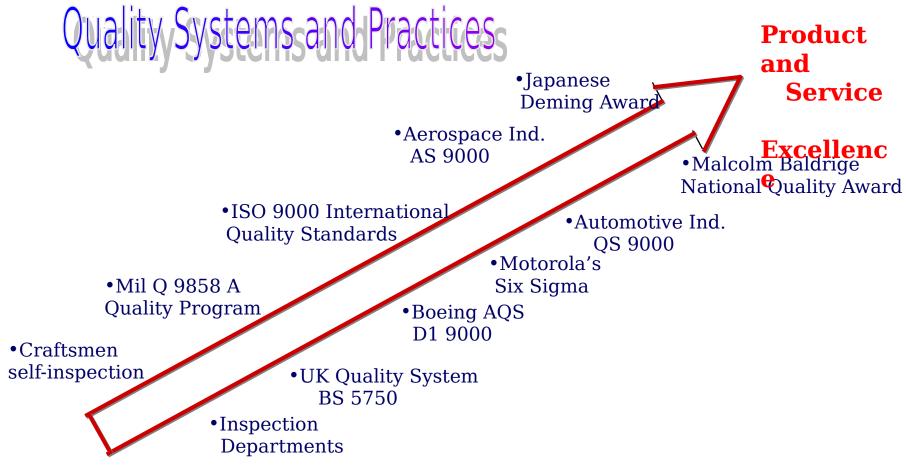








### ADVANCED PRACTICES AND SYSTEMS



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## Advanced Practices in Design and Development, and Manufacturing

- IPPD/IPT
- Quality Function Deployment (QFD)
- Robust Design
- Design of Experiments (DOE)
- Failure Mode and Effects Analysis(FMEA)
- Design for Manufacturing and Assembly (DFMA)
- Loss Function
- Key Characteristics
- Measurement System Analysis
- Variability Reduction
- Statistical Process Control
- Process Capability
- Lean Manufacturing
- Cost of Quality



- LEADERSHIP COMMITMENT
  - \* Time
  - \* Effort
  - \* Resources
- MANAGING WITH DATA
  - \* Design-measure-analyze-improve-conti
- TRAINING AND CULTURAL CHANGES
  - \* Integrated business strategy
  - \* Impact on career paths





- Core and enabling processes
- Process Owners
- Metrics
- Accelerated improvement cycle time



### PROCESS TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES

- Reengineering
- Benchmarking
- Problem solving
- Team leader/facilitator
- Statistical tools